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DATE MAILED: 03/22/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/618,903	07/14/2003	Richard A. Kelley	10019589-2	6836
7590 03/22/2005		EXAMINER		
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			NGUYEN, LAM S	
Intellectual Property Administration P. O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2853	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	m			
	10/618,903	KELLEY ET AL.	(4.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	LAM S. NGUYEN		<u> </u>			
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	ion appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA* - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) dated if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, I Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howe ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minity period will apply and will expire so by statute, cause the application to	ver, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be considered tim SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.			
Status		•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n <u>15 November 2004</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice u	under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1	935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are pending in the appl 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,9-18,23-28 and 32-37</u> is/ar 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-8,19-22 and 29-31</u> is/are obj 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	vithdrawn from considera re rejected. ected to.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex 10) The drawing(s) filed on 14 July 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	are: a) \square accepted or b) in to the drawing(s) be held a correction is required if the	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). e drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 (OFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have been rece cuments have been rece he priority documents ha Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2	ived. ived in Application No ive been received in this Nationa (a)).	al Stage			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	• =	Interview Summary (PTO-413)				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date Statement Trafement Office Paper No Trafement Office Paper No Tra	D/SB/08) 5)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (P Other:	TO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 11/15/2004 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application which would extend beyond the expiration date of US 6666537 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded. As a result, the previous double patenting rejection has been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 1. Claims 13-17, 23-27, 32-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lee et al. (US 6629787).

Lee et al. discloses an inkjet printing apparatus having an adjustable source-to-media spacing, comprising:

Referring to claims 13, 24, 32:

a sensor which senses a media type (FIG. 3-5: The sensor 40 senses the thickness of the printing medium P to determine if the printing medium is in a thin or thick type);

an inkjet print source which ejects ink onto the media surface within the print zone (FIG. 3-5, element 33a); and

a controller which adjusts the inkjet print source relative to the media to control source-to-media spacing as a function of the sensed media type (FIG. 3-5, element 60 and Abstract).

Referring to claims 14, 25, 34, 36: further comprising a carriage (FIG. 3-5, element 30) which carries the inkjet print source across the media surface, wherein said sensor senses the media type and the controller adjusts the inkjet print source relative to the media, based on the sensed media type, to control source-to-media spacing as the carriage slews the inkjet print source across the media surface (FIG. 3-7 and Abstract).

Referring to claims 15, 26, 35: wherein the sensor moves with the carriage (FIG. 3-5: Since the sensor 40 is attached to the carriage 30, the sensor moves with the carriage).

Referring to claims 16, 27: wherein said controller varies the inkjet print source relative to the media multiple times during a single slew of the carriage across the media to maintain the source-to-media spacing (FIG. 3-7: The gap is adjusted in real time while the carriage is moving across the printing medium P).

Referring to claims 17, 33: wherein said controller adjusts a height spacing of the inkjet print source relative to a support carrying the media (FIG. 3-7: The controller 60 adjusts the distance between the head 33a to the printing medium P. In other words, the controller 60 adjusts the height of the print head 33a relative to the media support 11).

Referring to claim 23: further comprising a cam (FIG. 8, element 143) and a motor (FIG. 3-5, element 53), the motor for rotating the cam, the cam mechanically coupled to the inkjet print source, the motor responsive to the controller by altering a height of the inkjet print source relative to a support carrying the media.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 13, 17-18, 24, 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nokawa (US 6273536) in view of Ahne et al. (US 6406110).

Referring to claims 1-3, 13, 24:

Nokawa discloses a print system, including a host (FIG. 3, element 1010) communicating with an inkjet print apparatus (FIG. 3, element 23), wherein the host comprises a processor (FIG. 3, element 1000) which executes an inkjet print driver (FIG. 3, elements 25, 27), the inkjet print driver managing communication of a print job to the inkjet print apparatus, the print job including print data and at least one print control parameter identifying a sensed media type (column 5, lines 5-11: The control unit (host) 1010 outputs signals to drive the recording head and the carriage motor for print job and the motor 29 to adjust the head-to-paper gap. Column 4, lines 64-67: The control unit 1010 controls the head-to-paper gap depending on the type of the recording medium), the inkjet print apparatus comprising an inkjet print source (FIG. 3, element 6: RECORDING HEAD) which records the print data onto a media, and a mechanism which adjusts source-to-media spacing (FIG. 3, element 29: HEAD-TO-PAPER GAP CONTROL MOTOR) based on the sensed media type (FIG. 4: The gap is set in accordance to the type of the printing media such as ordinary paper or film medium).

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Nokawa, however, is silent wherein the ink jet print apparatus comprises a controller that responds to a first parameter of said at least one print control parameter to control setting of the source-to-media/support carrying spacing by said adjusting mechanism for the print job (Referring to claims 1-3, 17), and means for calibrating a sensor sensing the media type to account for variation in sensed media surface according to media type (Referring to claims 18, 28).

Ahne et al. discloses an imaging apparatus including a printer controller (FIG. 7, element 30) that responds to a parameter representing a characteristic of a printing medium from an input device 136 to control setting of a printhead-to-media gap by outputting a signal to a motor (FIG. 7, element 130) to adjust the head-to-media spacing (FIG. 8: The controller adjusts the gap in accordance to the received input associated with print medium), a sensor for sensing the media type (column 6, lines 61-65: The sensor 134 provides a signal indicating an actual measured thickness of the print medium that defines if the printing medium is thin of thick), and means for calibrating the sensor to account for variation in sensed media surface according to media type (column 6, line 65 to column 7, line 5: A look-up table which correlates a particular reflectance to a particular medium thickness is used to calibrate the sensor).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify the ink jet printing apparatus disclosed by Nokawa to include the controller responding to the print media parameter to set the head-to-media spacing as disclosed by Ahne et al. The motivation for doing so would have been to obtain an advantage that the head-to-medium gap can be optimized for each type of media accommodated by the imaging apparatus as taught by Ahne et al. (column 2, lines 31-35).

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3. Claims 4, 9-12, 14-16, 23, 25-27, 32-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nokawa (US 6273536) in view of Ahne et al. (US 6406110), as applied to claims 1, 13, 24 and further in view of Lee et al. (US 6629787). (For the rejection regarding to claim 37, please see the rejection regarding to claims 18, 28).

Nokawa, as modified, discloses the claimed invention as discussed above except a sensor which senses a surface of the media within a vicinity of a print zone, wherein the controller responding to the sensed surface to maintain the source-to-media spacing as the carriage slews the inkjet print source across the media surface (Referring to claim 11), wherein said controller adjusts the adjusting mechanism multiple times during a single slew of the carriage across the media to maintain the source-to-media spacing generally constant with changes in contour of the media surface (Referring to claims 12, 14-16, 25-27, 32-36), wherein the adjusting mechanism comprises a cam and a motor, the cam having a plurality of positions with respective, associated source-to-media spacings, the controller outputting a signal to the motor to adjust the source-to-media spacing (Referring to claims 4, 10, 23), wherein there is a cam position for at least three select source-to-media spacings, including a first source-to-media spacing for a media type comprising non-cockling media, a second source-to-media spacing for a media type comprising cockling media, and a third source-to-media spacing for a media type comprising envelope media (Referring to claim 9).

Lee et al. discloses a printing apparatus for adjusting a head gap of an ink jet printer including a gap detecting sensor (FIG. 3-5, element 40) provided on a carriage (FIG. 3-5, element 31) for sensing a surface of printing media (FIG. 3-5, element P) within a vicinity of a print zone and a controller (FIG. 3-5, element 60) for controlling the head gap in accordance with

an output signal of the gap sensor (*Abstract*), wherein the controller adjusts the adjusting mechanism multiple times during a single slew of the carriage across the media to maintain the source-to-media spacing generally constant with changes in contour of the media surface (*FIG. 3-7 and column 10, lines 10-20*), a cam (*FIG. 8,element 143*), and a motor to adjust the source-to-media spacing (*FIG. 7, element 147*), the cam having a plurality of positions with respective, associated source-to-media spacings (*FIG. 7, element 145*) in accordance to the thickness of the printing medium such as the one of an envelop or an A4 sheet (*column 5, line 65 to column 6, line 3*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one having ordinary skill in the art at the time invention was made to modify the ink jet printing apparatus disclosed by Nokawa, as modified, to include the gap detecting sensor for sensing a surface of printing media within a vicinity of a print zone as disclosed by Ahne et al. The motivation for doing so would have been to move the sensor together with the printhead so the gap between the head and printing medium can be detected and adjusted in real time as a common technique well known in the art.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 5-8, 19-22, 29-31 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Referring to claims 19, 30: The primary reasons for the indication of the allowability of the claim is the inclusions therein, in combination as currently claimed, of the limitation that wherein the calibrating means comprises the sensor and a target, wherein the target is not part of the media and is biased into contact with the media surface, at a first time the sensor sensing the

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target and at a second time the sensor sensing the media surface, and wherein a calibration parameter is derived from a comparison of the sensed target and the calibration-sensed media surface is neither disclosed nor taught by the cited prior art of record, alone or in combination.

Referring to claims 20, 29, 31: The primary reasons for the indication of the allowability of the claim is the inclusions therein, in combination as currently claimed, of the limitation that wherein the sensor is a first operational sensor, and further comprising a first calibration sensor, a second calibration sensor and a target, wherein the target is not part of the media and is biased into contact with the media surface, wherein the first calibration sensor senses the target, the second calibration sensor senses the media surface, and wherein a calibration parameter is derived from a comparison of the sensed target and the calibration-sensed media surface is neither disclosed nor taught by the cited prior art of record, alone or in combination.

Referring to claim 5: The primary reasons for the indication of the allowability of the claim is the inclusions therein, in combination as currently claimed, of the limitation that wherein the inkjet print apparatus further comprises a carriage which carries at least a portion of the adjusting mechanism, the carriage moving along a guide, wherein the adjusting mechanism further comprises an axle and an engagement surface along the axle, the cam being mounted to the axle, the axle rotating the cam and being carried by the carriage, wherein the guide includes a pin which engages the engagement surface, a relative motion of the pin and engagement surface causing the axle to rotate in a first direction altering position of the cam is neither disclosed nor taught by the cited prior art of record, alone or in combination.

Claims 6-8 and 21-22 are allowed because they depend directly/indirectly on claim 5 or 20.

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CONTACT INFORMATION

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LAM S. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-2151. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00AM - 3:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, STEPHEN D. MEIER can be reached on (571)272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LN 03/16/2005

Stephen D. Meier Primary Examiner